The Villages Computer Club

This Friday Jan 20th at La Hacienda Recreation Center at 1:00 pm we will have our famous Technology Auction and ice cream.

You don't want to miss this meeting. You will have a chance to win new laptops, a Tablet, E Reader, Monitor, Digital Camera and numerous other items. The meeting is open to all in The Villages that have a Village ID card. You don't have to be a member of the club to take advantage of this event. Come and have a good time.

If you have any questions, email Paul Rabenold at TVCC.Pres@gmail.com.

Thank you all who participated in the survey, we got 359 responses. This will be a big help as we prepare the 2012 presentation schedule. We plan on sharing the results with you at a future meeting.

Please reference our web site at www.thevillagescomputerclub.com

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The Villages Computer Club

Friends of Computer Plus message from Pete Rosendahl

Computer Plus will meet Thursday January 19, 2012
at
Laurel Manor Recreation Center at 1:00PM.

The presentation will be Desktop, Laptop, Tablet ???
All Village residents are welcome to attend the meeting.

Another great event.... The Villages Computer Club will hold a Chinese Auction at La Hacienda Recreation Center on Friday 1/20/2012.   There will be 3 laptops, a Tablet, E Reader, Monitor, Digital Camera and numerous other items.

For folks like me Ice Cream will be served.

All Village residents are welcome to attend this exciting event.

For more information contact Pete Rosendahl at 352-409-7247.
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 Heads Up!
An update from the official Dell support site

http://support.dell.com/support/topics/global.aspx/support/kcs/document?docid=472672#Issue1

It tells us that Microsoft is aware of this "bugger" (my terminology) and has worked to help us defend against it and if we have it, to help remove it, both automatically and manually.
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ADDRESS TOOLBAR

One of Windows most powerful hidden gems is a universal command line. From here you can launch programs, open folders, go to Web sites and more. Right-click on the taskbar and select Toolbars/Address. The address bar will now show up on the taskbar.

If you're in the middle of doing something and need info you can type www.google.com and click ENTER to go to that web site, if you're signed online already.
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MSWORD 2000

Example: The <u>groups list</u> **from your AOL address book' Additional Contacts box, each name being separated by a comma.**

1. Copy and paste the group of names to a MSWORD document sheet.
2.Click CTRL+A to select all the names.
3. Press the TABLE button on the top Menu. Select CONVERT TEXT TO TABLE.
4. In the box that pops up, select COMMA, click AutoFormat and select NONE. OK. Change the # of columns to 1. Click OK. All the names now will appear in a single column.
5. Click TABLE again and select SORT …Ascending/descending order. OK.
6. Click TABLE again and select CONVERT TABLE TO TEXT. Select Separator COMMA. OK (table disappears)
7.Click EDIT… REPLACE. A Find and Replace screen will appear. Click the REPLACE tab.
8. Put cursor in the FIND WHAT box.
9. Click on the SPECIAL button and from the dropdown menu select PARAGRAPH MARK. The symbol(^P) will appear in the FIND WHAT box.

10. In the REPLACE box, type in a comma and a space(,).
11. Click the LESS button if necessary to make it a MORE button (it toggles between More and Less).
12. Click on REPLACE ALL.
The list should now appear in paragraph text format with a comma separating each name and a space between them.

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Auto DialUp Stopped

From Ask Leo.com

In an effort to make dialing up easier, Internet Explorer (and Outlook Express, by the way) will automatically do it for you if it sees there's no dial-up connection when it starts. Fire up Internet Explorer, and "all the right things" just happen, and you're connected and surfing in a single step.

That made a lot sense when dial-up was the most common mechanism to connect to the internet. These days with always-on and other types of connections, it can get in the way.

As you're experiencing.

To turn it off, fire up Internet Explorer (cancelling any attempts to dial on the way):

- Click on the **Tools** menu
- Click on the **Internet Options** menu item
- Click on the **Connections** tab

You should now see something very similar to this:

In the center of that dialog box you'll see the option that allows you to control when IE (and Outlook Express) should dial a connection for you.

Personally, I recommend **Never dial a connection**. This puts you in control of when the dial-up connection is to be made.

If you've been relying on IE or OE to dial the phone for you, to dial the phone now you can right click on your dialup connection in the Network Connections section of Control Panel:

And click on the **Connect** menu item. To disconnect, that right click on that again, and you'll see that there is a **Disconnect** item.

If you do this often, you can create a shortcut to that network connection on your desktop or start menu simply by dragging and dropping it on to either. Right click on that shortcut, and you'll see the **Connect** item.

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Domain Name What is it?

From www.wikipedia.org (free encyclopedia)

A [domain name](#) usually consists of two or more parts (technically *labels*), separated by dots. For example `wikipedia.org`.

- The rightmost label conveys the **[top-level domain](#)** (for example, the address `en.wikipedia.org` has the top-level domain `org`).
- Each label to the left specifies a subdivision or **subdomain** of the domain above it. Note that "subdomain" expresses relative dependence, not absolute dependence: for example, `wikipedia.org` comprises a subdomain of the `org` domain, and `en.wikipedia.org` comprises a subdomain of the domain `wikipedia.org`. In theory, this subdivision can go down to 127 levels deep, and each label can contain up to 63 characters, as long as the

whole domain name does not exceed a total length of 255 characters. But in practice some domain registries have shorter limits than that.

- A **hostname** refers to a domain name that has one or more associated IP addresses. For example, the `en.wikipedia.org` and `wikipedia.org` domains are both hostnames, but the `org` domain is not.

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What is DNS

From www.widipedia.org

The **domain name system** (**DNS**) stores and associates many types of information with domain names, but most importantly, it translates domain names (computer hostnames) to IP addresses. It also lists mail exchange servers accepting e-mail for each domain. In providing a worldwide keyword-based redirection service, DNS is an essential component of contemporary Internet use.

Useful for several reasons, the DNS pre-eminently makes it possible to attach easy-to-remember domain names (such as "`wikipedia.org`") to hard-to-remember IP addresses (such as 66.230.200.105). Humans take advantage of this when they recite URLs and e-mail addresses. In a subsidiary function, the domain name system makes it possible for people to assign authoritative names without needing to communicate with a central registrar each time.

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You may wish to print this one out and keep it handy for referral when emails are returned to you by Daemon

Reply codes

These codes refer to email returned by computer Daemon as why it was returned

See **rfc2821** for the basic specification of SMTP; see also **rfc1123** for important additional information.

See **rfc1893** and **rfc2034** for information about enhanced status codes.

Check the **RFC index** for further mail-related RFCs.

*Note - 550 most often seen in returned email from Daemon

Reply codes in numerical order	
Code	**Meaning**
200	(nonstandard success response, see rfc876)
211	System status, or system help reply
214	Help message
220	<domain> Service ready
221	<domain> Service closing transmission channel
250	Requested mail action okay, completed
251	User not local; will forward to <forward-path>
354	Start mail input; end with <CRLF>.<CRLF>
421	<domain> Service not available, closing transmission channel
450	Requested mail action not taken: mailbox unavailable
451	Requested action aborted: local error in processing
452	Requested action not taken: insufficient system storage
500	Syntax error, command unrecognised
501	Syntax error in parameters or arguments
502	Command not implemented
503	Bad sequence of commands
504	Command parameter not implemented
521	<domain> does not accept mail (see rfc1846)
530	Access denied (???a Sendmailism)
550	Requested action not taken: mailbox unavailable
551	User not local; please try <forward-path>
552	Requested mail action aborted: exceeded storage allocation
553	Requested action not taken: mailbox name not allowed
554	Transaction failed

Reply codes grouped by command		
Command	**Code**	**Description**
connect		
	220	<domain> Service ready
	421	<domain> Service not available, closing transmission channel
HELO		
	250	Requested mail action okay, completed
	500	Syntax error, command unrecognised
	501	Syntax error in parameters or arguments
	504	Command parameter not implemented
	521	<domain> does not accept mail [rfc1846]
	421	<domain> Service not available, closing transmission channel

EHLO		
	250	Requested mail action okay, completed
	550	Not implemented
	500	Syntax error, command unrecognised
	501	Syntax error in parameters or arguments
	504	Command parameter not implemented
	421	<domain> Service not available, closing transmission channel
MAIL		
	250	Requested mail action okay, completed
	552	Requested mail action aborted: exceeded storage allocation
	451	Requested action aborted: local error in processing
	452	Requested action not taken: insufficient system storage
	500	Syntax error, command unrecognised
	501	Syntax error in parameters or arguments
	421	<domain> Service not available, closing transmission channel
RCPT		
	250	Requested mail action okay, completed
	251	User not local; will forward to <forward-path>
	550	Requested action not taken: mailbox unavailable
	551	User not local; please try <forward-path>
	552	Requested mail action aborted: exceeded storage allocation
	553	Requested action not taken: mailbox name not allowed
	450	Requested mail action not taken: mailbox unavailable
	451	Requested action aborted: local error in processing
	452	Requested action not taken: insufficient system storage
	500	Syntax error, command unrecognised
	501	Syntax error in parameters or arguments
	503	Bad sequence of commands
	521	<domain> does not accept mail [rfc1846]
	421	<domain> Service not available, closing transmission channel
DATA		
	354	Start mail input; end with <CRLF>.<CRLF>
	451	Requested action aborted: local error in processing
	554	Transaction failed
	500	Syntax error, command unrecognised
	501	Syntax error in parameters or arguments
	503	Bad sequence of commands
	421	<domain> Service not available, closing transmission channel

received data		
	250	Requested mail action okay, completed
	552	Requested mail action aborted: exceeded storage allocation
	554	Transaction failed
	451	Requested action aborted: local error in processing
	452	Requested action not taken: insufficient system storage
[RSET](#)		
	200	(nonstandard success response, see rfc876)
	250	Requested mail action okay, completed
	500	Syntax error, command unrecognised
	501	Syntax error in parameters or arguments
	504	Command parameter not implemented
	421	\<domain\> Service not available, closing transmission channel
[SEND](#)		
	250	Requested mail action okay, completed
	552	Requested mail action aborted: exceeded storage allocation
	451	Requested action aborted: local error in processing
	452	Requested action not taken: insufficient system storage
	500	Syntax error, command unrecognised
	501	Syntax error in parameters or arguments
	502	Command not implemented
	421	\<domain\> Service not available, closing transmission channel
[SOML](#)		
	250	Requested mail action okay, completed
	552	Requested mail action aborted: exceeded storage allocation
	451	Requested action aborted: local error in processing
	452	Requested action not taken: insufficient system storage
	500	Syntax error, command unrecognised
	501	Syntax error in parameters or arguments
	502	Command not implemented
	421	\<domain\> Service not available, closing transmission channel
[SAML](#)		
	250	Requested mail action okay, completed
	552	Requested mail action aborted: exceeded storage allocation
	451	Requested action aborted: local error in processing
	452	Requested action not taken: insufficient system storage
	500	Syntax error, command unrecognised
	501	Syntax error in parameters or arguments

	502	Command not implemented	
	421	<domain> Service not available, closing transmission channel	
VRFY			
	250	Requested mail action okay, completed	
	251	User not local; will forward to <forward-path>	
	550	Requested action not taken: mailbox unavailable	
	551	User not local; please try <forward-path>	
	553	Requested action not taken: mailbox name not allowed	
	500	Syntax error, command unrecognised	
	501	Syntax error in parameters or arguments	
	502	Command not implemented	
	504	Command parameter not implemented	
	421	<domain> Service not available, closing transmission channel	
EXPN			
	250	Requested mail action okay, completed	
*	550	Requested action not taken: mailbox unavailable	
	500	Syntax error, command unrecognised	
	501	Syntax error in parameters or arguments	
	502	Command not implemented	
	504	Command parameter not implemented	
	421	<domain> Service not available, closing transmission channel	
HELP			
	211	System status, or system help reply	
	214	Help message	
	500	Syntax error, command unrecognised	
	501	Syntax error in parameters or arguments	
	502	Command not implemented	
	504	Command parameter not implemented	
	421	<domain> Service not available, closing transmission channel	
NOOP			
	200	(nonstandard success response, see rfc876)	
	250	Requested mail action okay, completed	
	500	Syntax error, command unrecognised	
	421	<domain> Service not available, closing transmission channel	
QUIT			
	221	<domain> Service closing transmission channel	
	500	Syntax error, command unrecognised	

TURN		
	250	Requested mail action okay, completed
	502	Command not implemented
	500	Syntax error, command unrecognised
	503	Bad sequence of commands

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Don't install New tires upfront. From Michelin Tires ***IMPORTANT***
www.youtube.com/watch_popup?v=pXiWuCtE3cE

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Jmax

Jmax's Website   http://www.jmaxbits.com/
**Jmax Bits Newsletter is now posted each Monday & Thursday on the website.
You have the option for a .pdf or a .rtf file.**

**1.For help with a computer problem, put HELP in the subject line and give me info
about the computer you're using, if you know it.**

**2.To view or print Jmax Bits Good Services List in the Villages area, click link
www.jmaxbits.com**

**3. To sign up for the non-computer newsletter, send an email to
VLGSClassifieds@aol.com. Put SUBSCRIBE in the subject line. To send an Ad,
place AD in the subject line.**

**4. The Villages Computer Club's web page: Click here: Welcome To The Villages
Computer Club**
**To add your name to the VCC announcements list, send email to TheVCC-
subscribe@yahoogroups.com**

5. Fred Benson's website www.thevillagescomputerbasics.com